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THE RALEIGH NEWS.

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THE DAILY NEWS
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By Telegraph.

NOON REPORTS.

Missouri Democrats.

ST. LOUIS, July 22.—The Democratic Convention, after two recesses, re-assembled at 7:30 p. m. The platform reported by the committee on resolutions accepts and endorses the principles embodied in the platform adopted by the National Democratic party in June, 1880. It declares that the nomination of Hancock and English is a matter of earnest congratulation, not alone to Democrats, but to all patriots irrespective of party; that it means strict and constitutional subordination of the military to civil power, and that sectional asperities will disappear and an era of good feeling again return throughout the country. Ex-Gov. Willard P. Hall was made Chairman and D. C. Kennedy, Secretary, with three assistants. A motion to adjourn till morning was voted down, and Thomas T. Crittenden, Gen. Marmaduke and Hon. Jas. C. Hockaday were put in nomination for Governor. The roll call resulted: Crittenden 265½, Marmaduke 80, Hockaday 62½.

After a brief speech of thanks by Col. Crittenden, and the pledge of a hearty support of the nominee by Generals Marmaduke and Hockaday, the Convention adjourned till 9 o'clock this morning.

The convention reconvened at Jefferson City at 9:38 o'clock this morning and resumed the nomination of the State ticket. Colonel Robert A. Campbell, of St. Louis, was nominated for Lieutenant-Governor, and Hon. Robert D. Roy, of Carroll county, for Judge of the Supreme Court.

The Late Disaster.

JERSEY CITY, July 22.—At 8:30 o'clock last night as the workmen were trying to put the cylinder end of a pump in position over the shaft, it fell from the beam upon which it rested into the shaft, in consequence of which the work had to be suspended until a diver could go down the shaft and find the cylinder. It being impossible to get the diver before this morning, no work was done after 9 o'clock last night. At 8 o'clock this morning Joseph Warnberge the diver went down the shaft and at 9 o'clock found the cylinder, when work was immediately commenced to put it in position. Officers of the Company state if the cylinder end shall be placed in position without any further extraordinary delay water will be taken out by a late hour in the afternoon and the bodies reached by early evening.

Racing.

SARATOGA, July 22.—The weather is close and light clouds obscure the sun. The track is in good condition, and the attendance promises to be large. First race three-quarters of a mile dash, Dan Sparkling won by a neck; Giraffe, second; Beatitude, third; time 1.16½. Second race, Saratoga Cup, all ages, two and a quarter miles; Long Taw won in Canter by two lengths; Franklin, second; time 4.08. Third race, one mile and a furlong; Vera Cruz won; Oriole second; Gabriel third. Time, 1:57¾.

Fourth race, selling race of one mile and a half; Warfield won; Governor Hampton second, Danicheff third. Time, 2:40.

Murdered.

POTTSVILLE, PA., July 22.—James Wood, aged sixty years, engineer of a stationary engine for the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company, was murdered last night at Bull Run, between Tammaqua and Summit Hill, by masked men. Revenge seems to have been the motive, as the money Wood had with him was not taken. The old haunts of the Mollie Maguires have been turbulent for several days past and the murder was believed to be their work.

Arrested for Forgery.

DENVER, COL., July 22.—A Leadville special says that E. W. Fay, county attorney of Lake county, was arrested last night on a charge of forgery committed in Galveston.

MIDNIGHT REPORTS.

Green Mountain Boys.

BURLINGTON, July 22.—The Democratic State Convention for the nomination of the State ticket and two Presidential Electors at large, met here this morning. The Convention numbered over 400 delegates, being the largest ever held by the party in the State. The Convention was called to order at 11:15, by Hiram Aikens, Chairman of the State Executive Committee, who delivered a brief address. He then named as temporary Chairman, Col. A. Dickey, of Bradford, who took the chair amid applause and returned thanks for the honor conferred. J. E. Stapleton, of Middlebury, was elected Secretary. B. B. Smalley, of Burlington, moved that the temporary organization be made permanent, which after some opposition was agreed to. Dan'l Baldwin of Montpelier was chosen honorary Vice-President. The roll was then called and the Vice-President and Secretary from each county appointed. Edmond J. Phelps, of Burlington was unanimously nominated for Governor.

The Fasting Fool.

NEW YORK, July 22.—Dr. Tanner complained of vertigo and sickness of the stomach this morning but at noon was feeling better. He received a letter from Dr. W. B. Lee, of Marion, Illinois, who says he himself has fasted twenty-four days, and another from a Philadelphia woman who, pleading leap-year privileges, offers him marriage. When last taken his pulse was 72, rather weak and more compressible than yesterday; temperature 98 3-5 and respiration 16. At noon he entered on the 25th day of his fast.

Ohio Democrats.

CLEVELAND, July 22.—The Democratic State Convention assembled this morning in Euclid Avenue Opera House. There was a full attendance of delegates. The opening prayer was made by Rev. Dr. Bolles, of the Episcopal Church. Judge L. D. Thomas, of Youngstown, was chosen temporary President. After his speech and the appointment of customary committees the convention took a recess until the afternoon.

The Convention re-assembled this afternoon. Hon. Theodore Cook, of Cincinnati, was elected permanent President with a Vice-President for each Congressional District and several secretaries.

The credentials committee reported 635 delegates present and no contests.

The committee on resolutions reported the following:

Resolved, That the Democracy of Ohio heartily endorse the candidates of the National Democratic Convention, and that we will zealously labor for the election of Hancock and English, and for the candidates for State offices this day nominated.

Resolved, That the Democracy of Ohio adopt as their own the National Democratic platform.

Judge William Long, of Tiffin, was nominated for Secretary of State, M. B. Follett for Supreme Judge, Richard J. Fannin (incumbent) for Clerk of the Supreme Court, W. J. Jackson, (incumbent) for Commissioner of Schools, R. P. Ranney and John F. Fallett for Presidential Electors at large.

The Richmond Defalcation.

RICHMOND, VA., July 22.—The post-office imbroglio here has not yet been settled. To-day had been fixed for the sureties of Postmaster Forbes to make good the deficiency in his accounts, but owing to the fact that a majority of his bondsmen are non-residents, further extension of time has been granted to August 4th in which to settle up. Applicants for the expected vacancy in the Postmastership are numerous.

Murder.

MEMPHIS, July 22.—At 12 o'clock last night Annie Hardy, a colored girl 15 years old, was found by her parents on returning from church with her jaw broken, and several wounds on her throat, neck and breast, which looked as though they had been inflicted with a pick-axe. The girl had been sick for several days, and died this morning from the effects of the wound. There is no clue to the perpetrators of the bloody act.

For Congress.

CINCINNATI, July 22.—Hon. C. B. Simonton was nominated for Congress in the Ninth Tennessee District this morning at Humboldt, Tennessee, by the Democratic Convention.

Explosion.

LONDON, July 22.—An explosion of powder in the artillery works at Koorsk, in the south of Russia, on July 17, killed eighteen and wounded twelve persons.

Cotton Ginning Machinery.

Six, eight, ten and twelve-horse power Engines, mounted and on skids—W. E. Tanner & Co. and Marshall, Graves & Co.'s make; Dan'l Pratt's Alabama Cotton Gins, Feeders and Condensers; Cotton Bloom Cotton Gins, Feeders and Condensers; Georgia Cotton Gins, Feeders and Condensers; Gullet's Steel Brush Cotton Gins, Feeders and Condensers; Schofield's Hand, Horse and Power Cotton Presses.

These machines are all first-class, and we heartily recommend them to parties in want. We have these machines in store, and guarantee to sell them as low as they can be purchased at the place of manufacture. WILLIAMSON & UPCHURCH.
jy11-d2m.

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1500 OLD PAPERS In Lots of 100 and Upwards.
Apply to
EDWARDS, BROUGHTON & CO.

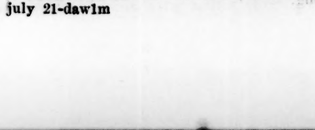
WM. SIMPSON,
Fayetteville Street,
RALEIGH, N. C.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
DRUGS
—AND—
Agricultural Chemicals.

Full and well assorted lines of Drugs, Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles, Perfumery, Soaps, Field and Garden Seeds, Braces, Trusses, &c.

THE BEST VARIETIES OF
Field and Garden Seeds
JUST RECEIVED.

Fertilizers for Farmers.

Always on hand a full stock of Chemicals for the
Home Manufacture of Fertilizers,
which are offered at low prices, and rank with the best artificial manures in the market. These Chemicals are pure, and after being tested by the Department of Agriculture are pronounced fully up to the highest standard.
Send for pamphlet containing formula and testimonials. july1 80-12m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Our new catalogue of Band Instruments, Music, Suits, Caps, Belts, Pouches, Pompoms, Drum Majors' Staffs and Mats, Epaulets, Cap-Lamps, Stands, and Outfits complete $5 (paper of information for amateurs), mailed, free. Address
LYON & HEALY, 80 State St., Chicago, Ill.
july 21-dawlm

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Edward J. Hardin,
GROCER.

BROOMS!
FLOOR BROOMS, CARPET BROOMS, HEARTH BROOMS; ALL QUALITIES AND PRICES.

Matches, in Boxes of Every Size.

Just Received:
FRESH LEMONS; BEST SMOKED BEEF; BEST CREAM CHEESE; CHOICE RICE; BREAKFAST BACON, &c., &c.

CANNED TOMATOES,
A LOT OF BUCKLIN'S TOMATOES; VERY CHOICE.

ANYTHING YOU WANT IN THE WAY OF FIRST-CLASS
Groceries and Provisions.

☞ All Goods guaranteed as to quality and price.

TEAS! TEAS!
CHOICE GREEN AND BLACK TEAS, CAREFULLY SELECTED, AT LOWEST PRICES.

LUNCH MILK BISCUIT 15 Cents per pound.
The Best Plain Cracker in the World.
jy22-tf. E. J. HARDIN.

W. C. & A. B. STRONACH.
JULY 22.
SEASONABLE GOODS!

BARATARIA SHRIMPS,
(Fresh from the Gulf.)
SOFT AND HARD SHELL CRABS.
COLUMBIA RIVER SALMON.
CLAM CHOWDER.
FRESH LOBSTERS.
Pure Raspberry and French Vinegar.

Pure Fruit Syrups,
EXTRACTED FROM FINEST FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FRUITS. INVALUABLE FOR SICK ROOM AND TRAVELERS.

VACUUM PAN
Unadulterated White Sugar,
The Very Best for Preserving Purposes.

THURBER'S, PRICE'S AND BORDEN'S EXTRACTS.

Use "Horsford's Bread Preparation."
The Best Baking Powder on the Market.

HE NO CHOP TEA.
UNRIVALLED.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

A. W. FRAPS,
RALEIGH, N. C.,
—AGENT FOR—
TOM COOPER'S
LAUREL VALLEY
CENTENNIAL OLD RYE
—AND—
Wheat Whisky.

A large lot always on hand, from two to four years old, universally acknowledged to be the
Finest Whisky made in the South
Persons wishing STRICTLY PURE SPIRITS, for medical or other purposes, can get any size package, from 3 to 50 gallons, by addressing
T. N. COOPER,
Eagle Mills P. O.,
je22-tse1. Iredell county, N. C.

LAGER BEER
I respectfully call the attention of my friends, patrons and the public generally of the South to
MY NEW, UNADULTERATED AND HEALTHY LAGER,
brewed purely of malt and hops, by the Vienna method and expressly for exportation.
JACOB SEEGER,
2315 German street Baltimore, Md
jan 31 '81

The People Appreciate Merit
EAGLE AND PHENIX
Columbus, Ga.
SMOOTHEST, STRONGEST, BEST
BALL SEWING THREAD
SOLD BY ALL JOBBERS
1878 *1879*
Production Doubled. Again Doubled
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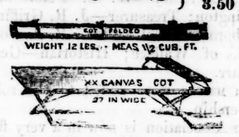
PRESCRIPTION FREE
For the speedy Cure of Seminal Weakness, Lost Manhood, Premature Debility, Nervousness Despondency, Confusion of Ideas, Aversion to Society, Defective Memory, and all Disorders Brought on by Secret Habits and Excesses. Any druggist has the Ingredients. Address,
DR. JAQUES & CO.,
120 West Sixth St., CINCINNATI, OHIO.
je 22-to jan 26, '81

HARDWARE.

JULIUS LEWIS & CO.,
MANUFACTURED BY
RALEIGH, N. C.,
DEALERS IN
Hardware of Every Description,
SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS, LIME, CEMENT, &c.
Largest Stock in North Carolina.
Wagon Works: EAST HARGETT STREET.
Store: FISHER BUILDING.

J. C. BREWSTER,
AGENT FOR THE
Celebrated XX Canvas Cot!
Better than a hammock. Can be folded or opened instantly. Is just the thing for Hotels, Offices, Cottages, Sportsmen, &c.

PRICES $2.50 3.00 3.50



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FREEZERS,
WATER COOLERS
FLORAL SETS,
FLOWER POTS,
FRUIT JARS, &c.
Croquet Sets from $1.00 to $2.00.
HARDWARE,
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PAINTS, OILS,
VARNISH, GLASS, &c., &c.

J. C. BREWSTER,
Holleman Building,
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"PEERLESS"
ICE CREAM FREEZERS
The Best in the World.

FRUIT JARS,
ALL KINDS.

PRESERVING KETTLES,
APPLE PARERS,
IMPROVED FLY FANS,
FLY TRAPS.

THOS. H. BRIGGS & SONS,
RALEIGH, N. C.,
HARDWARE.
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The Hygeia Hotel,
OLD POINT COMFORT, VA.,
Situated 100 yards from Fort Monroe. Open all the year. Equal to any hotel in the United States as a SUMMER RESORT.
Send for circular describing hygienic advantages, etc.
HARRISON PHOEBUS,
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WHO IS YOUR WIFE?
A Complex Conundrum Colloquially Considered.
By WALDORF H. PHILLIPS.
"Do you take this woman to be your wife—*until you are divorced?*
"Do you take this man to be your husband—*until you change your mind?*
"Then, they whom I unite, let some Court put asunder."
The work is full of humor and keen satire. Price, in paper binding, 50c.; in cloth, 75c. Can be had of Booksellers and Newsdealers, or will be sent, postage prepaid, upon receipt of the price, by the Publishers,
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17 Murray Street, New York.

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ANDREWS & FERRALL, Grocers, on Fayetteville street.
M. GRAUSMAN, Grocer, on Fayetteville street.
PRITCHARD & BROOKS, Hillsboro and Salisbury streets, and also one in
COTTON EXCHANGE ROOM.
Wood, oak, sawed to order, - - - $3.50
Wood, pine, sawed to order, - - - 3 00
Reduction on car load lots. June 8—1y.

WAGONS.

THE "ALL RIGHT" WAGON.

FURNITURE.

RUFFIN ROLES,
Contractor and Builder,
AND MANUFACTURER OF
SASH, DOORS and BLINDS
And all kinds of
FURNITURE,
Keeps constantly on hand a large stock of
SASH, DOORS,
BLINDS,
MOLDINGS,
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WEATHER-BOARDING,
CEILING, &c.

I make to order, on short notice, all kinds and sizes of WINDOW and DOOR FRAMES. All kinds of Turning and Scroll Sawing done to order.
Give me a trial before buying.
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—IN—
Furniture. Furniture.
John T. Morriss,
Corner Fayetteville and Davie Streets
RALEIGH, N. C.,
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
FURNITURE,
MATTRESSES,
SPRING BEDS, Etc.
☞ I have now in store one of the largest and best assorted stocks of Furniture in the city, consisting of
Walnut D. C. Suites,
Cottage Suites,
Parlor Suites,
Bedsteads,
Bureaus,
Washstands,
Tables,
Lounges,
Tin Safes,
Cribs, Cradles,
What-nots,
Wardrobes,
Desks,
Chairs, Rockers,
And many other goods, which will be sold cheap for cash. Now is your time to secure bargains.
oct 27 '80

FURNITURE.
W. H. Morriss,
FAYETTEVILLE ST., OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.
RALEIGH, N. C.

I have in store a nice and select stock of Walnut and Cheap Furniture from the best manufacture's in the East and West, bought in the last four months previous to the late advance in prices, which I will sell for cash at less prices than such goods have ever been sold for in Raleigh before, or any market outside of Raleigh, freight and express added.

Nice first class Walnut Dressing Case Suites at $50, worth $65; Suites at $60 worth $75; Bureau Suites at $40 and $45; three marble fine Walnut French Dressing Suites, French Plate Glass for $110, worth $130. All Suits have ten pieces. Also a nice line of Walnut marble top Tables at $5, $6, $7.50, $8.00, $12.50, $13 00. Walnut Hat Racks $7.50, $8.00 and $10.00. Side Boards at less than they can be bought for at factory. Wardrobes, Extension Tables, Parlour Suites, Rocking Chairs, Lounges, all kinds of Chairs, in fact everything found in a first-class furniture store. All who contemplate buying soon will save money by buying new goods purchased now and paid for. I will keep goods until September 1st, if required to do so. I wish to discontinue the furniture business, is my reason for offering my stock at such prices.

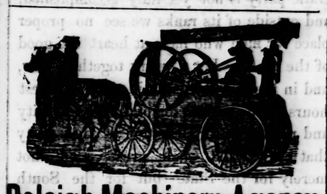
I will sell my stock as a whole to any one wishing to engage in the business. Call and examine for yourself. I want to get out of the business if I can without too great a sacrifice.

W. H. MORRISS,
Were Rooms, Fayetteville St., opposite Post Office Raleigh, N. C.
may 24 to aug 15 '80

BUILDERS AND

W. J. ELLINGTON,
L. H. ROYSTER,
ELLINGTON, R
(ARCHITECTS A
House Building of every
AMBER (KILN DRIED), LATHS, SHI
PLAN
SASH, DOORS
AT PRICES BEYO
Estimates and Plans promptly fur
t sept '80

STEAM ENGINES.



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MACHINERY.
THE BEST PAYING INVESTMENT.
THE TALBOTT ENGINES.
All practical and experienced persons acknowledge the superiority of our Engines and Boilers over ALL OTHERS in
Capacity, Economy, Durability, Simplicity and Perfection.
THE BEST IS CHEAPEST!
All our Machinery is fully and specifically warranted, and it is not only our duty but our pleasure to make our pledges as good as coined gold. Talbott & Sons' fifty years experience and standing as manufacturers should have some weight and value with intending purchasers. Send to me for descriptive circular and price list. I will sell for same price and give same terms as manufacturers.
WAYNE ALLCOTT,
Manufacturers' Agent.
Dealer in all kinds of Machinery,
jy1—1y. RALEIGH, N. C.

ENGINES FOR GINNI

SAW MILLS,
Mill Gearing, Horse Powers and Machinery Generally.
May 11d&wly.

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EVERYBODY IS SATISFIED
WHO WEARS
MILLER'S
Acme Shirts and Drawers!
Gent's Furnishing House and Factory,
915 Main Street.
Fine Dress Shirts and Night-Shirts Made to Measure a Specialty.
NO FIT, NO SALE.
A good Shirt, ready-made (unlaundried), $1.00. We make a good shirt to measure, unlaundried, for $1.25. We make a fine shirt to measure (unlaundried) for $1.50. We make the best shirt to measure (unlaundried) for $1.75. Extra per dozen for unlaundried $1.50. Order-printed blanks for self-measurement. Will make you one on approval. Our One-Dollar Shirt is the best shirt ever made for the price Sent by mail to any address for $1.10, with privilege of returning and money refunded if it does not suit. A large stock of Gent's Furnishing always on hand.
HENRY T. MILLER,
jy2 1y. 915 Main Street, Richmond.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS
—AT—
Jos. P. Gulley's Old Stand,
RALEIGH, N. C.

In order to supply the increasing demand for goods at this
Old-Established House,
I have laid in a
COMPLETE STOCK,
To which I invite the attention of my old wholesale and retail customers, and all who may wish to buy.
The stock is full in every branch, including
DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
CLOTHING,
BOOTS,
SHOES,
HATS,
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WHITE GOODS, Etc.
Coats' Celebrated Six-cord Spool Cotton and Miles' and Boyden's Shoes, all styles, specialties.
Terms Cash. Prices right.
J. P. GULLEY.
till aug 20

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B. F. PARKS,
R. R. PINKSTON.
OYSTER & CO.,
ND BUILDERS.)
Description a Specialty.
NGLES, SCROLL WORK, TURNING, ING.
AND BLINDS,
ND COMPETITION,
nished. All work guaranteed.

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ALLEN & CRAM,

Iron and Brass Founders
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RALEIGH, N. C.,
Manufacturers and Importers of the following goods:
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PORTABLE AND STATIONARY.
Cotton Gins, Power Presses, Saw and Grist Mills, Plows and Plow Castings, Machine Castings and Forgings.
THE NEW VIRGINIA FEED CUTTER.
It is simple and durable, has no gear to get out of order.
Plans and estimates made for the manufacture and arrangement of Machinery.
ALLEN & CRAM,
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NG AND THRESHING.
STATIONARY, PORTABLE,
Cheap, Safe and Durable.
Power and Hand Presses,
Unsurpassed in Speed and Effect.
Hydraulic and Screw
TOBACCO PRESSES.
Send for Circulars.
TAPPY & STEEL,
PETERSBURG, VA.

W. E. TANNER & CO.,
METROPOLITAN
IRON WORKS,
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MANUFACTURERS OF
Portable & Stationary Engines, BOILERS, SAW MILLS,
AND OTHER MACHINERY.
Our Patent Spark Extinguisher
IS THE ONLY PERFECT ONE.
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Williamson & Upchurch, Raleigh, N. C.; W. B. Griffith & Co., Charlotte; Price & Co., Rockingham, Richmond co., N. C.; K. R. Baugham, Rich Square, N. C., Gen'l Agent in Eastern North Carolina; A. B. Hill, Agent, Scotland Neck; W. P. Baugham, Agent, Washington, N. C.; W. A. Barber, Agent, Edenton, N. C.; Col. Jno. Ashford, Agent, Clinton, N. C.
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DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR.
The Only Vegetable Compound that acts directly upon the Liver, and cures Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Biliousness, Malaria, Costiveness, Headache. It assists Digestion, Strengthens the System, Regulates the Bowels, Purifies the Blood. A Book sent free. Address *Dr. Sanford*, 162 Broadway, N.Y.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
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THE DAILY NEWS.

BY P. M. HALE, PRINTER TO THE STATE.

L. L. POLK, CORRESPONDING EDITOR.

RALEIGH, N. C.

FRIDAY.....JULY 23, 1880.

PARTY MOVEMENTS.

The Greenback candidate for the Presidency is canvassing the Southern States, and very remarkable statements are telegraphed thence as to his success. There is one grand "ovation" in one State, we forget which one; and in another, also forgotten for the moment, the people as well as the woods are "on fire." We do not believe very much in the ovation or in the fire except as to the woods; fire in them might not be unnatural in such weather as we have had. So also, we read a good deal about what is to happen in North Carolina in the near future, it having obstinately refused to happen in the near past. We don't take much stock in this sort of talk either. But people will get restless now and then, and when they get "the budges" incline their ears to talk about the old parties being dead; about worn out and wicked machines; about new parties in which no one will seek office but office will seek everybody, money find its way into every body's pockets, and Rings be known no more forever. About all this bosh we have said somewhat heretofore, and the time seems opportune to say it again. We have no intention of discussing the Greenbackers or their theories. Whatever force the Greenback "idea" may have had has passed from practical politics and the people know it. Were it not so, we know very well that our excellent friend who runs the party in this State will never permit it to do harm in 1880 any more than in 1878, when he promptly subordinated himself and his theories to the good of his people and withdrew from his own hopeless canvass lest he should make that of Judge TOURGEE a success. Nor do we intend to discuss the disappointed folk, or dissatisfied folk, or aspiring folk, who think they see in a new party a chance to get into a Ring from which they fancy they are excluded in an old one. We wish only to say now, as we have said heretofore, a few plain, practical words about parties in this country.

The Democratic party is not about to die. It might be weakened, it might be defeated, by attempts to form a new party. That is all a new party could effect. The vitality of a party in a representative government depends upon the principles on which it is based more than upon the current issues which it opposes or supports. When a new party arises in a field already occupied by two contestants, it has its right to exist by virtue of some single special object at which it aims. A new party is usually a reformatory movement directed against abuses existing or supposed to exist in the practices of ruling parties. Yet, while it may owe its birth to a single exigency, it cannot long survive if limited to one object or one idea. The successful prosecution of that object or the carrying out of the single idea into practical legislation would be as destructive to the party as failure, if there were not new objects and new ideas presented for its support.

It has been said every year since the days of JEFFERSON that the Democratic party was dying or dead, that it had filled its mission, that its vitality was exhausted, that it was only the shadow of a great name of the past, that its teachings could no longer arrest public attention, that its prestige was gone, and that the popular heart could no longer be moved by its orators. These assertions sometimes have been made in good faith. Malcontents, now and then, have been sincere. The advocates of new issues and new theories have been honest in their declarations and have really believed that the party which took form before the Union was established was in a moribund state. Yet there has been no general election in which Democrats have cast less than two-fifths of the total vote of the Republic. Its representatives have controlled the General Government for two-thirds of the past century, and even during the temporary ascendancy of its adversary, its restraining and conservative force has been constantly felt. The essence of this vitality is the doctrine on which the party is based, the theory of strict construction, of home rule, of State sovereignty, of separatism and individuality among the States, of the largest liberty to the citizen consistent with wholesome government. The name has been abused and the principles which it represents have sometimes been perverted, but that name of "Democracy" is cherished still as the synonym of political equality.

The Republican party, too, has its vital principles, such as they are. It is the great antagonist of party Democracy. It has inherited this spirit of antagonism from the earliest advocates of a centralized government. It is the party of unification and consolidation in the Federal Government. It claims for that Government the first, last and constant allegiance of the people. Central strength is its ideal of perfection. Its idol is "one nation," with a big N, and with absolute power. It cannot admit that the Union is a "republic of republics." It cannot conceive of Sovereignty in a State, and it hates to be reminded that the Union of the States was the result of the voluntary action of the people. This spirit gives to the Republican party distinctive character and vitality. It is a lease of long political life. The name may be changed and a succession of leading issues may have its support or opposition, but as long as there are States and a Union there will never cease to be a party that will try to aggrandize the Union at the expense of the States which compose it.

New parties may arise from time to time based on important issues, and may attain large proportions, but their periods will be transient because they lack the vital element which belongs to each of the old parties. For us, as we have had occasion to say more than once heretofore, the old paths are good enough. If any additional legislation is needed for any particular class of the people, or for all classes, our honest judgment is now as it has been that the Democratic party offers the best and the surest way to get it. When we trust to the Democratic party we know what we are doing. We know that we are trusting to the party that in the past rescued the State from robber rule, from carpet-bag rule, and from negro rule; to the party that alone in the future may save it from a return to GRANTISM. The mission of the Democratic party is not yet fully accomplished, and outside of its ranks we see no proper place for men who have at heart the good of the State. Let us work together now, and in the future, as in the darkest hours of the past, to maintain the integrity and perfect the organization of that party that has worked such great good, not merely for the State but for the South and the whole country. When we tread in the old paths we know just where we are going; but when men stray off into independency or into new parties, they go at once into danger and into darkness, and nothing but evil can come of it. In the old Democratic paths alone lies safety.

WILL GENERAL GARFIELD be withdrawn? The Supreme Court decision in the DE GOLYER case was made public in New York and Philadelphia and Washington on Monday last, and not a Republican paper in either city has printed it or alluded to it in any manner whatever. The *Times* and the *Tribune* had done their best to explain away what they said in 1873 about GARFIELD'S mistaking other people's money for his own in Credit-Mobilier and pavement transactions; old Judge POLAND had counselled that money bye-gones be bye-gones; that goody-goody paper, *The Nation*, had hired a lawyer to prove that GARFIELD was a goody-goody man; all of them had agreed that whatever they thought in 1873 of the preacher fallen from grace, and of the member of Congress who sold himself and perjured himself, they would now think him a good enough man until after the election; but Judge SWAYNE didn't know last October, any more than they knew in 1873, what would happen in Chicago in 1880. Will they withdraw him?

THE GREEK QUESTION, in its new phases, may be stated in a nut-shell. Turkey has refused to obey the mandate of the last Berlin Conference and reconstruct the Greek frontier. The territory proposed to be ceded to Greece is not so big as Baltimore county, Maryland. The Turks are brave, but ignorant and apathetic. Including Bulgaria and Roumania, the Christian population of Turkey in Europe outnumbers the Osmanlis about fifteen to one, and it is proposed, by Russia in particular, to let the Turks and Christians fight it out and determine by force of arms which shall hold the country south of the Balkans. The only tribes that would be likely to make much of a struggle outside of Constantinople are the Mohammedan Albanians, a hardy, warlike, mountaineering people, but quite few in numbers. The Albanians south of the Scombi for the most part belong to the Greek Church, asd are in sympathy with the Greeks across the frontier. The Roumanians, Servians and Bulgarians are all pretty well drilled now, and would naturally join in any general outbreak for the purpose of expelling the Turks.

MR. JOSEPH NIMMO, Jr., chief of the bureau of statistics at Washington, has prepared an official advance statement of exports of domestic breadstuffs from the leading customs districts of the United States for the twelve months ending June 30th, 1880, as compared with the totals of the previous year. The figures show an increase of total values from $201,776,499 in 1879 to $277,226,762 in 1880, or $75,450,263 net growth of this one class of exports in a single year.

FRANKLIN FUN:—

Franklinton, July 21, 1880.—For several days past people going by have wondered what was going to happen in the grove near Mr. J. A. Person's spring, a couple of miles below here on the R. & G. R. R. Yesterday they found that the stand was for the musicians and the platform was for the dancers, while the long table was constructed to support and groan under the weight of substantial and the most dainty of dainty viands. Those who had epicurean palates found things perfectly gustable. Embowered in a grove of stately oaks, whose outstretched arms formed an umbrageous thicket impervious to the rays of a noon-day sun or the peltings of transitory showers, the place was perfectly charming. The ball was a grand success. Dancing began at 10 a. m., dinner at 3 p. m.; began dancing again at 4 p. m. and continued into the "wee sma' hours" of the night. Than this there has not been a more enjoyable occasion in old Franklin in many days. W.

Rutherford County.

[NEWS EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE.]

RUTHERFORDTON, July 20, 1880.

In company with Gov. Jarvis, Col. Kenan, Judge McKoy, Judge Shipp and Col. W. E. Anderson, of your city, I had a most delightful ride of twenty-seven miles from Shelby to this place. I say delightful, for with such gentlemen a ride across the dreary plains of the West would be enjoyable, but when you remember that we were traversing one of our counties lying on the southern border of the State, and which belongs to the beautiful Piedmont belt, with its varied attractiveness spread out in charming loveliness, its light and dark shadows, its limpid streams, its undulating surface, which ever and anon greeted us as we reached the summit of some knoll, and all supported by the hazy swell of the distant Blue Ridge, I think I may safely say that the ride was a treat.

Of course I have an eye on the farms, and I was somewhat surprised to find, away up at the base of the ridge, in a section where the climate corresponds with that of States hundreds of miles north of us, the plant that belongs to a region more nearly tropical—that cotton was as prominent on a farm as in Wilson, Halifax or Cumberland. And I confess that when I looked at the plant, from eight to twenty inches in height blooming at this early season up to the very top, it was suggestive of many mental inquiries. And these I would not send you for publication if I had not already tested the temper of these good people on this subject, in a speech which, at their solicitation, I had the honor to deliver to them on yesterday. Will this people become so engrossed and so deluded as to adopt cotton *as the crop*, and depend on it as the source which must supply everything else needed on the farm? Will they abandon the only safe rule for the farmer—that of producing their own farm supplies at home? Why should cotton, which cannot average more than fifteen dollars per acre, supplant the grasses, the cereals, and above all tobacco?

This latter product, I am satisfied, would do well throughout the whole section from this point down to the red clay of Mecklenburg. All that is necessary to demonstrate the adaptability of this soil to its successful growth is a fair, intelligent trial. The lands that will this year give to the farmer about twelve dollars gross receipts per acre for his labor should, in tobacco, give him from fifty to three hundred dollars if skillfully managed. Both Shelby and Rutherfordton should have large tobacco factories operated to their full capacity on tobacco grown at their very doors. The apple trees and grape vines, loaded down with their luscious burthens, only confirmed, what I had so often heard, of this section as the home of fruits. Some of the most popular varieties of grapes originated in these wild woods, and it is in this vicinity that the Thermal Belt is better developed than at any point along the whole Apalachian range. I was informed two years ago by an old citizen, a portion of whose farm lay in this belt, that the peach crop *had failed but once in* 52 *years*. With its splendid natural facilities, its magnificent water powers, its adaptability to the growth of grasses, cereals and stock raising, its fine fruits and fertile soils, what is lacking for Rutherford to become one of the first counties of the State? Among her most important needs is a railroad, and it can but cause regret, to ride along the line of the original W. C. & R. R. R. and see the vast amount of grading that was done from Shelby to this place, and calculate the heavy cost and feel that it was all for naught. But the people here have not despaired and bright hopes are entertained that yet and in the near future the C. C. R. Co., under its new organization, will devise measures by which the road will be completed to this point and be pushed across the Blue Ridge at Reedy Patch Gap.

THE RUTHERFORD MANUFACTURING CO. is essentially a home institution. It makes all classes of shoes and boots and was established three years ago. All the stock worked (except a portion of the sole leather) is obtained from the surrounding country, and the country furnishes the market for the goods. It employs from eight to twelve hands and makes about 60 pairs of shoes per day. It also supplies these people with about 200 saddles per annum. Men and women, boys and girls, ride mostly on horse back, and I greatly regret that it is not more fashionable in certain other sections of our State.

FINE STOCK.

I had the pleasure of inspecting a small lot of cattle that was sent from Polk county, by Colonel James K. Simpson, to be exhibited on Monday, and for the information of our readers (if there be such) who believe fine cattle can be raised only in the States North and Northwest of us, I give below the weights and ages of some of them:

One bull,	14	months old, weight	610	lbs.
" "	8	" " "	400	"
" "	18	" " "	1,200	"
" "	5	years " "	2,200	"

These were the Durham and Jersey crossed and their fine growthy condition told not only of good grass but of the care and pride of their owner. Why do not our people in the mountainous counties raise sheep and cattle for the Liverpool market? Agents and purchasers would come to their door to buy them.

SPLENDID SPECIMEN OF A MOUNTAINEER.

I was introduced by a member of the medical profession to a man who is one of that class that inspires you by his very bearing with a desire or curiosity to know something of his private history. He possessed a magnificent *physique*, approximating seven feet in height, with a large, piercing, honest, blue eye, and a spirit as warm and genial as a child, and his whole exterior indicating that he was reared in the free air of the mountains. Discovering under the single goggle which he wore that the left eye was gone and that the bone above it had been terribly crushed, my medical friend kindly relieved me of putting a delicate question by saying, "That was done at Manassas," and placing his finger on the rear and right side of the head, said, "Here is where the ball came out, *at least one and a half inches above the base of the brain*, and I am unable to explain his being alive to-day on any theory except it be numbered with the miracles, for *the ball unquestionably traversed the brain*." "Yes," said the mountaineer, "and I lay there in that *hot July weather* for *two days* before any one noticed me; but I came out all right, and in six months I was at my place again in the regiment." "Have you any other narrow and perilous escapes in your experience," I inquired? "Well, I don't know," with a mischievous smile, "I went from Panama to San Francisco once on a 65 days trip almost without a mouthful to eat, and a long time ago I set astraddle a ten gallon keg of brandy until I drunk it up, and if you will look here," pulling off his hat and showing an indenture in the top of his cranium, "you will see where a fellow done his dead level best on me with a set hammer."

So full of pleasantry, witand fun, I did not wonder that he was so universally popular with a large number of friends, who declare him to be the "very soul of honor, and a Democrat of the first water." And no one who ever knew my dear, lamented friend Champ. Davis, his gallant Captain, will chide the instinctive attachment I at once formed for this, one of his brave followers.

A REMARKABLE PEOPLE.

Yes, a remarkable people to thousands of our readers who have heard so much of the "Moonshiners of the Mountains." On Monday, about two thousand persons assembled at this place, representing at least four of these mountain counties; hundreds of them remained until dark, and if there was a single one under the influence of liquor I failed to see or hear of him. In how many counties could this be said of so large a crowd at a political meeting in court week?

L. L. P.

The Amateur Journalists.

[Reported for THE RALEIGH NEWS.]

The Fourth Annual Convention of the North Carolina Amateur Press Association convened in the parlors of the Commercial Hotel, in Wilmington, on the 21st inst., at 10:30 a. m., President George M. Carr, of Rose Hill *Amateur*, presiding.

After calling the meeting to order, the President delivered an address. A new constitution and by-laws were submitted and adopted.

The election of officers for the ensuing year resulted as follows:—

President—Phil. Holland, Jr., of Newbern; Vice-Presidents—George M. Carr, of Rose Hill, O. D. Vollers, of Point Caswell, and J. M. Satchwell, of Rocky Point; Secretary—W. C. Peterson, of Wilmington; Treasurer—J. R. Griffin, of Goldsboro; Official Editor—R. A. Southerland, of Wallace; Historian—George M. Carr.

Ten names were added to the roll of membership.

The Association is now in a very flourishing condition and may well pride itself on being the best of its kind in the South.

At 8:30 p. m. the Association repaired to the hall of the City Library where a select audience of ladies and gentlemen had assembled to hear the annual literary exercises.

W. C. Peterson, of Wilmington, delivered an address of welcome, which was highly appreciated.

Josephus Daniel, of the Wilson *Advance*, who has won his laurels as an amateur, and already embarked in the professional fraternity, delivered the annual address on this subject: "The training necessary to the highest success in Journalism." His was an excellent oration of some twenty minutes' length. He clearly and eloquently demonstrated the fact that amateurdom is the school to professional journalism.

E. A. Oldham, of Wilmington, delivered an oration on "The past, present and future of non-professional Journalism," in which he fully explained to the audience the grand object and import of our work.

Geo. M. Carr, of Rose Hill, delivered an essay entitled "The utility of Literary Culture," in which he maintained that a proper literary training is all important in every vocation of life.

J. R. Griffin, of Goldsboro, read a splendid essay on "Our Youth."

G. D. Ellsworth, of Wallace, delivered an oration on "Vital Magnetism," which was well written and eloquently delivered.

Our poet, Robert Nixon, of Scott's Hill, then delivered an excellent effusion entitled "A Morning Stroll," which, as every other effort of the evening, brought down the house.

The exercises being at an end, President Carr thanked the audience for their kind and undivided attention and declared the convention adjourned.

The "gang" took the steamer "Passport" for an excursion trip to Smithville and the forts Thursday morning.

Notwithstanding the small attendance this convention was a grand success.

G. M. C.

Dr. Norment's Acceptance.

Dr. R. M. Norment, the Republican nominee for Secretary of State, has written the following letter:

LUMBERTON, N. C., July 20, 1880.

J. C. L. Harris and others, Committee:

GENTLEMEN:—Your letter of the 10th inst., notifying me of my nomination for the office of Secretary of State by the late Republican Convention of North Carolina, has been received.

The doctrines of the Republican party are so broad and humane that every lover of his country, of peace, of prosperity and the perpetuity of our free institutions, can heartily endorse them. We believe that every citizen should be the equal of every other citizen in the enjoyment of all the rights of citizenship. We hold to the idea that this is a Nation, and wherever our flag floats in this land there the protecting arms of the Government should be stretched out, guarding and protecting the poor as well as the rich, the weak as well as the strong, and securing to every citizen the right to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness.

Maintaining these humane principles, we demand that Republican majorities in counties and towns shall not be disfranchised.

Entertaining these views I accept the nomination so flatteringly tendered, and heartily endorse the platform.

Thanking you for the kind manner in which you referred to me in your letter, I remain yours, very respectfully,

R. M. NORMENT.

There is threatened trouble between the whites and Indians in Eastern Oregon and Washington Territory, owing to encroachments of settlers on Camas Valley, from which the Indians have been accustomed to procure their annual supply of Camas root.

The Congressional Canvass.

[From the Pittsboro Record, 22d.]

At the recess of our Inferior Court on last Tuesday the two Congressional candidates addressed the people of Chatham.

Gen. Cox opened the discussion in a speech of an hour's length, to which Bledsoe replied for an hour, and then Gen. Cox rejoined for fifteen minutes. We will not attempt a synopsis of Gen. Cox's speech, but will give some of the points he made on his competitor. He reviewed his political record for the past twenty-five years, showing his instability and the many changes he had made. He stated that his competitor commenced his career as a Whig, then joined the Democrats, and just before the war became an "Independent," and during the war was both for it and against it. After the close of the war he reunited with the Democrats, was a member of their State Committee, became an "Independent" in 1878, and is now the Republican nominee. To show how unpopular Bledsoe was in his own (Wake) county, where he was best known, Gen. Cox read an affidavit made by Bledsoe in a suit in Wake Superior Court, in which he swore that on account of the prejudice existing against him in that county he could not have justice done him. He charged Bledsoe with advocating martial law in Raleigh during the war, and the raising of the black flag. He charged him with trying to oppress free labor by hiring convict labor on his farm, and yet professing such love for the laboring man.

Major Bledsoe began his speech with evident symptoms of being "under hack" and was placed altogether on the defensive. He made frantic appeals to the prejudices of his colored hearers against the "Secession Oligarchs;" grew eloquent over the "old flag" and the "Glorious Union;" denounced secession, the war and the Democratic party (forgetting he was a member all that time, and endorsing it for many years afterwards); accused General Hancock of hanging Mrs. Surratt; and finally closed his harangue amid the loud applause of his happy colored clapper.

General Cox then for fifteen minutes made the "fur fairly fly" and administered a castigation that Bledsoe will not soon forget. In answer to Bledsoe's denunciation of the war and his great love of the Union, General Cox read the following which Bledsoe introduced in our State Senate on the 4th of May 1861:

WHEREAS, Abraham Lincoln has been, and still is endeavoring to raise money upon the faith and credit of the so-called United States, for the purpose of waging a wicked, unjust, unholy and unconstitutional war upon the Southern States;

AND WHEREAS, North Carolina is neither morally nor legally bound to pay, or in anywise to contribute to the payment of any debt incurred by the said Government since the 4th day of March last: Now, therefore, to the end there may be no misapprehension on the part of those who may invest their means in the security of said Government, it is therefore

Resolved, That North Carolina will never in any event, pay any portion of the debt incurred by what is called the United States Government, since the 4th day of March last, or any portion of any debt or liability which may be incurred hereafter.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to Abraham Lincoln and the Governors of all States by the Governor of North Carolina.

Mr. Bledsoe meekly called out that he did and said a great many foolish things in those days; "yes," said Gen. Cox, "and you are still doing so."

General Cox has made many friends in Chatham and will receive a most flattering vote in November, while Major Bledsoe will not poll the full vote of his own party.

The Public Road Law.

[Goldsboro Messenger.]

The road law, as amended by chapter 30, acts of special session of 1880, we believe comes as near giving general satisfaction as a law of that character well could give, where good roads are an object.

No person shall be compelled to work more than six days in any one year, except in cases of damage resulting from storms.

The overseer of the road shall, as often as the condition of the road shall require (subject to the foregoing limitation), summon the hands of his section to work, but the said hands shall not be required to work continuously for a longer time at any working than two days, and at least fifteen days shall intervene between workings, except in case of special damage to the road from storms.

Section 7 of the act of 1879 is amended, giving power to the overseer to prosecute at any time after the offence, any hand for failure to work, &c. The width of roads shall not be less than eighteen feet, clear of trees, logs and other obstructions to the passage of ordinary vehicles, and ten feet in the centre of the roadway shall be clear of stumps and runners. The road through causeways or through cuts is not required to be so wide.

Such water courses as are now required by law to be kept open by the residents along such courses, shall have overseers appointed and hands allotted, &c.

The board of supervisors shall meet on the first Saturday of February and August. They are required to examine the roads in their respective townships only once during the week of the August meeting.

All the duties heretofore required to be performed at their meetings in February and May, shall be performed at their meeting in February, and the duties heretofore required to be performed at their meetings in August and November shall be performed at their meeting in August.

All laws and parts of laws in conflict with the provisions of this act are repealed.

WAIF:—

A young Parisian, engaged to wed a young lady who lives in the suburbs of Paris, usually visits her daily at 6 o'clock in the afternoon. The other day the lady's mother said to him: "Don't come to-morrow until 7 o'clock. I am going to Paris, it will not be convenient," etc. The lover, however, arrived next day at the usual hour. The mother was somewhat surprised on her return to find him there. "I missed the next train," stammered the young fellow, in an attempt to make excuses.

THE CANVASS FOR TREASURER.

Dr. Worth's Patient.

[From the Chatham Record, 22d.]

The nomination of Col. A. D. Jenkins for the office of State Treasurer by the late Republican Convention recalls to mind a memorable and exciting epoch in our State's history—the Holden-Kirk war—for this candidate was an officer in that war, being paymaster, and this is the only military experience the "Colonel" has ever had.

Among the Articles of Impeachment, upon which Gov. Holden was convicted, was one (the eighth) that charged him with illegally drawing $80,000 from the State Treasury for carrying on the war, and with procuring Paymaster Jenkins to disobey the injunction issued by Judge Mitchell commanding him not to disburse the money in his hands. It was proven on the trial of Gov. Holden that Paymaster Jenkins had a large amount of money in his hands for the payment of Kirk's troops, and to prevent this unlawful expenditure of the people's money, a tax-payer of Iredell county (R. M. Allison,) procured an injunction from Judge Mitchell to restrain him. The injunction was issued, and was served on Paymaster Jenkins on the 25th of August, 1870, at which time he had a little over forty thousand dollars to his credit in one of the Raleigh banks. This rather puzzled Holden and Jenkins, and for several days they were at a loss what to do; but Kirk and his desperadocs being clamorous for payment, and it being rumored that the bank would be enjoined from paying out this money to Col. Jenkins, he went to the bank on Sunday night, (the 3d of September), drew out the money, carried it to Holden's office shortly before midnight, and handed it over to J. B. Neathery, whom Holden had appointed paymaster in the place of Col. Jenkins. This evasion of the injunction of Judge Mitchell was successful, and this money was at once paid to Kirk and his cut-throat crowd. With this scrap from history—this incident of the Kirk war—we refresh the memory of our readers so that they may learn how Col. Jenkins once handled the people's money, and then they can better decide whether or not he shall handle it again.

Dismal Swamp Cheerfulnesses.

It is not a vast bog sunk low in the ground, into which the drainage of the surrounding country flows. On the contrary, it is above the level ground some fifteen or twenty feet, as was demonstrated by actual surveys. Instead of being a receptacle into which rivers and streams enter and flow, it is in reality an immense reservoir that, in its vast sponge-like bulk, gathers the waters that fall from the heavens and pours them into the five different rivers which flow onward to the sea. Any one would imagine that the Dismal was a veritable charnel-house that spreads its miasmas throughout the country. On the contrary, it is the healthiest place on the American continent. The swamp is entirely of green timber. There is absolutely no decomposed wood; one sees trees lying around the forests and swamps. The two principal woods that grow in the place are the juniper and cypress, which never rot. They fall prone on the ground like other trees, but instead of the wood decomposing it turns into peat, and lies indissoluble by air or water for ages perfectly sound. There is nothing in the swamp to create miasma; no rising of the tides and decomposition of rank vegetables; no marshes exposed to the burning rays of the sun. All is fresh and sweet, and the air is laden with as sweet odors as the fragrant woods in May, when the fragrance of the flowers mingles with the pungent scent of the pine and dogwood. In the ante-bellum days all planters were anxious to hire their slaves to shingle-makers in the swamp on account of its healthfulness. Mr. Reddick, a well-known contractor, says he worked a gang of fifty hands for fifteen years in the Dismal, getting shingles, and in all that time there was not a single case of ague and fever. I have seen numerous affidavits of overseers and agents who have lived in the swamp their whole lifetime, and they never knew a death caused by miasma or a solitary instance of ague and fever. The air is pure and sweet, and the water, tinged to a faint wine hue by the juniper, is as potent a medicinal drink as is to be found at the famous watering places of the Virginia mountain spas. It is often used by vessels going on a foreign cruise on account of its healthful properties, and also because it keeps fresh and clear for years. It is a strong and invigorating tonic, with a pleasant taste.

Painless Tooth-Pulling.

Before the days of chloroform there was a quack in San Francisco who advertised tooth-drawing without pain. The patient was placed in a chair, and the instrument applied to his tooth with a wrench, followed by a roar from the unpleasantly surprised sufferer. "Stop," cried the dentist. "Compose yourself. I told you I would give you no pain, but I only just gave you the twinge as a specimen, to show you Cartwright's method of operating." Again the instrument was applied—another tug, another roar. "Now, don't be impatient; that is Dumerge's way; be seated and be calm; you will now be sensible of the superiority of my method." Another application—another tug, another roar. "Pray be quiet; this is Parkinson's mode, and you don't like it; no wonder." By this time the tooth hung by a thread, and whipping it out the operator exultingly exclaimed: "This is my mode of tooth drawing without pain, and you are now to compare it with the operations of Cartwright, Dumerge and Parkinson."

Recorder—You have been drunk again. What's your excuse now?

"Your Honor, I was only celebrating the great natal day of American independence."

"Yes, but yesterday was the 11th, not the 4th."

"I know it, but I did not have capital enough on the 4th to celebrate the day in a manner worthy of the great city of Galveston, the queen city of the gulf, the gem of the sea, the—the—great cotton mart of the South, so I got tight yesterday instead."

Recorder (whose local pride is touched)—The case is dismissed. We must all do what little we can to help Galveston along.

The Party Platforms.

[From the New York Herald, 20th.]

"We affirm," say the Republicans in their party platform, "that the duties levied for the purposes of revenue should so discriminate as to favor American labor—that is to say, in a roundabout, rigmarole style, we should continue the system of a protective tariff; that we should continue to "protect," as if they were nurslings, industries that have grown so vigorous and energetic that they are able to assert their superiority in every part of the world. American cutlery is sold in Sheffield and the grass they raise in England is cut with American scythes, while the man who cuts it wears a shirt made of American muslin and shoes made in Lynn, Mass. From the British to the Chinese cities every part of the habitable world is filled with the active competition of American dealers. We can sell wine to France, sausages to Germany and macaroni to Italy. All this is in some degree due to the fact that our industries were properly protected when they needed it. But are they to need it always? Are they not now capable of protecting themselves? Are they not able to meet the industries of other countries in the rough and tumble of an equal conflict? Industries are protected at the cost of the people. Every protected article is sold to the people more dearly because it is protected than it would be otherwise. Therefore the Republican party favors the policy of making people pay more in order to favor the growth of manufactures; and this the particular are willing to do if the growth cannot be favored otherwise. But the people do not care to be taxed in this way a moment longer than is necessary for the legitimate purpose of such a tax, because they know that then they are taxed only to enrich exorbitantly the manufacturers. The Democratic platform declares in favor of "a tariff for revenue only." In this point the Democrats seem to be wiser now than their opponents. It is common to say that the party platforms are only contrived to throw dust in the eyes of the people—that they make declarations which no party ever intends to adhere to. Notorious evidences of the truth of this view are handy. But this point of revenue and protection has always been a point of distinct division between the Democrats and their opponents, and we do not doubt that if the Democrats should get in they would give effect, in a more or less marked degree, to this declaration. We are not prepared to say that on all points it is desirable they should get in, but if they do this will be one of the good results; and with a sweeping demolition of one important division of our present tariff law and correlated legislation it would come about that Americans could build ships as cheap as other people, and thereby perhaps get the right to buy them if they wanted to and where they wanted to. Would it not be rather a pleasant sensation to the American people to have a few steamers in the great Atlantic traffic carrying the Stars and Stripes?

Beating Dead Beats.

There is a saloon-keeper in Baltimore who is considered by the boys pretty smart, and it takes a waking eye to catch him winking. The other evening he was standing behind his bar waiting for a customer, when three fellows walked in and took their stand in a row. They were all "half off," and had evidently spent the day on some excursion. The saloon-keeper waited patiently and the first one of the row, after a pause, said demurely, "Three whiskys." The bottle and glasses were flashed out with a clang. To the surprise of the man of liquors, however, the second one in the row gently uttered, "Three whiskys." "Beat," thought the bartender, and he put out three more glasses, when the third man simply said, "Three whiskys." All this while no hand had gone near a pocket and no clink of silver was heard. The bar man thought he was badly in for a "beat," and the ninth glass slid leisurely and rather reluctantly over the marble counter. The three men then drank their three whiskys each, one after another, with solemnity, while the cute saloon-keeper tapped the table nervously with his knuckles. Suddenly the first customer pulled out a twenty-dollar note and threw it down on the counter. "Well," said the bar man, "What can we do? I have no change." The other remarked, "Neither have we," and reached for the money, but the smart saloon man was too quick. Whipping the note into two pieces he said, smilingly, "You take one half and I'll take the other, and you come around in the morning and pay me," and they came.

Wouldn't Scare.

[From the Galveston News.]

He did not have the right kind of face to inspire confidence, and his clothes looked as if they had served a third term at least. "Are you the fellow who makes fun of people in the *News*?" The newspaper man owned up he was "thar or thar-abouts." "Well, I come to wam you. They are layin' for you with clubs. They are bad." "Not to hurt, I reckon." "Yes they are; but don't be afeared; I'm your friend. I can stave my fist through a man and walk off with him on my arm, just like he was an empty market basket." "Oh get out." "I'm not joking. I'm your friend, and I am down on your enemies. Look here. Can't you lend a feller a quarter?—temporarily, only, of course." "Now, you look here. Didn't you just now say you were my friend?" "So I am." "You don't talk like it, but I'll take you at your word." "Jest count on me." "You say you want to help me, and you want to hurt my enemies?" "That's about the size of it." "Then you go and borrow a quarter from them and loan it to me." Adjourned.

WAIF:—

Some dialogues we heard at a seaside hotel. A gentleman just arrived is shown to his room: "Thunder!" he says. "Is this the room you've reserved for me? I can't stand up in it." "If you'll just raise the skylight, sir, you can stand up very comfortably." "Walter!" bawls a red-faced man at a corner table in the dining-room which overlooks the ocean, "Waiter, this fish is'nt fresh!" "Sorry for it, sir. Can't help it, sir. The train from Boston was late last night." Another diner calls out "Waiter, a beefsteak." "Yes, sir; all right sir. The butcher will be here at 7 o'clock to-morrow morning."

THE DAILY NEWS.

RALEIGH, N. C.

FRIDAY.....JULY 23, 1880.

To Our City Subscribers.

Mr. T. L. BEACHAM has been placed in charge of the subscription list and delivery of the papers in Raleigh, and will attend to canvassing and collecting for the same. Every subscriber will have the paper delivered before 7 o'clock each morning.

The Weather Yesterday.

Taken from W. H. & R. S. Tucker's registered thermometer, Thursday, July 22, 1880:

6 o'clock, a m.,	75	3 o'clock, p. m.,	84
9 " "	76	6 " "	76
12 " m.	81		

The Weather To-Day.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 22.—The indications for the South Atlantic and East Gulf States are as follows: Occasional rain, followed by clearing weather, winds mostly southwesterly, stationary or higher temperature and barometer.

Index to New Advertisements.

Reduced Passenger Rates via the Piedmont Air Line.
Williamson & Upchurch—Saw Mill for sale.
E. J. Hardin—Special notices.

CITY AND COUNTY ITEMS:—

"Tom Cooper" they say was too much for Keogh.

Read the Piedmont Air Line new passenger rates.

O. Hunter is Assistant Secretary of the Republican Executive Committee, O! Hunter!

Now let Dr. Mott's Revenue nosers come 'round Tom Cooper's distillery, if they dare!

There will be a special meeting of Wm. G. Hill Lodge to-night for work in the third degree.

It was a delightful series of rains, those which fell yesterday and last night. A few more such days will lay the dust.

The Raleigh Light Infantry will celebrate its sixth anniversary by a parade, target shooting and inspection on the 28th.

The boys around Milburnie are going to scorch a pig one day next week. We return thanks for an invitation to join them.

In the spring a young man's fancies lightly turn to thoughts of love. This reads later on to marriage licenses and three of them were issued yesterday.

The owners of Blue Wing, Henry Clay and Almont Mambrino have made a sweepstakes at $100 each, to be trotted on the Raleigh track on the 10th of August.

Just as the crowd was dispersing after the races yesterday a gray horse hitched to a buggy on the grounds reared and fell. In his fall he caught one of the shafts under him but it did not break and no damage was done.

The M. D. social club gave a most delightful hop at Dodd's Hall last night. We snatched a few moments of pleasure with them, and the young gentlemen were so polite and the young ladies so charming that it was with great difficulty we snatched ourselves away.

If Dr. Mott had beaten Tom Cooper for Chairman of the Republican State Executive Committee, the campaign would have been a *still* hunt. But as Cooper beat Mott and his $2,000, it means a *spirited* campaign. "Stop right thar!" We are giving Tom Cooper too much free advertising.

The young men on the Republican Executive Committee won the day it is said. Hon. W. A. Moore couldn't exactly see why he ought to resign his place on the Republican Committee in order that Lot Humphrey might get in to be made chairman. There were *Lots Moore* or Moore Lots, who couldn't see it.

THAT LONG RANGE CASE.—Yesterday Justice Barbee gave judgment for the plaintiff in a case in which the cause of action arose in 1849. We refrain from giving details as we understand the matter is to be taken to a higher court.

SPOILED.—To those of our friends who have praised sundry of our local work we return thanks, but we begin to fear that we will never be a good local editor. Yesterday we were walking with a gentleman who weighs about 225 pounds. He stepped on a muskmelon rind and his feet flew up into the air. Now, our duty, under these circumstances, was to have drawn a note-book and let him "drap." But instead of doing this we, like a fool, caught him and spoiled the local.

STATE GUARD NOTES.—The "Salisbury Rifles," Captain Theodore Parker, have been assigned to the Second Battalion of Infantry, N. C. S. G., and will be lettered Company F.

The Commissioned officers of the several companies composing the Second Battalion of Infantry, will meet at Lincolnton on Wednesday, August 4th, 1880, for the election of Lieutenant Colonel and Major for said battalion. This election will be conducted in accordance with regulations heretofore published. Electors may be represented by written proxy.

DEATH OF PROF. F. A. BOHLMANN.—We are pained to announce the death of the gentleman, at his home in Pittsfield, Mass., of bilious remittent fever. He closed his labors in Raleigh Female Seminary on June 3d, and went to Pittsfield to spend his vacation, expecting to go with Mr. Hobgood to Oxford in September, to continue in charge of his music department. He lived for several years in Raleigh and was highly esteemed for his sterling worth by the whole community, and many are the expressions of regret at his death heard on our streets. He was an accomplished musician, a faithful and efficient teacher, and an upright man.

COW RACE.—Yesterday morning a cow which had been brought in for conversion into beef got loose on Fayetteville street. She was in fine racing condition and the race after her was of the most exciting description. She came out far ahead on the first heat and at its conclusion went into Dodd's for a glass of soda water. She then came out and the chase was recommenced, but a darkey caught the cow by the tail and ended the fun. If that cow is still alive she is weighing the advantages of a long tail in fly time against those of a short tail in racing and envies stump tailed cows accordingly.

The Races.

About three hundred people attended the races at the Fair Grounds yesterday. On arriving at the grounds we found about a hundred little boys around the gate without the necessary half dollar to go in on. We are glad to say that just before the races commenced the gates were thrown open and all the boys were admitted free.

THE RACING.

Maj. Gilliam, Col. Yarborough and Mr. Whitaker acted as judges and Mr. M. T. Leach as timer.

The first race was to have been between Blue Wing and Henry Clay, but Clay had struck his leg at his morning exercise and was too lame to go, and so Blue Wing had a walk over for the forfeit. It was however decided to send him a mile at speed and so he came up for the word, accompanied by a running horse, and trotted the mile in 2:49 without a break.

The second race was the match between Buckskin and Electra. Both horses came on promptly, but considerable time was spent in warming them up. When they got ready, the word was given on the second attempt to a very good start, the mare having a neck the best of it. Rounding the turn Buckskin made a slight break, but was very quickly settled. His bad example was followed by the mare on the backstretch, and at the quarter the horse had a clear lead. Electra was very unsteady. She skipped again on the second turn, and was behind at the end of the half mile fully three lengths. She trotted very fast on the last quarter, but the gelding beat her out. The time was 3 minutes.

The start for the second heat was the best we ever saw. When the word was given the horses were on absolutely even turns. Electra got away a trifle quickest, but she was still too rank and went in the air on the turn, when Buckskin ungallantly left her in the lurch, and, keeping straight on, won the heat in the same time as the first. Electra trotted very fast up the stretch, and at one time looked all over like a winner, but she broke when even with the horse and put her chance out.

Then came the running race, for which Starlight and Hornet were stripped. Hornet is a dark chestnut, much better adapted to carrying an old lady to meeting than to running races, and Starlight is a Roman-nosed bay, who, to a casual observer, seemed to be thinking over his sins and to have a good many to think over. Both of them were laboring under the delusion that they were engaged in a funeral procession, and that the corpse was that of an elderly person who despised hurry. They were mounted by two boys of about the complexion of Garfield's record, and at the word moved off with a calm dignity which was oppressive. Starlight is easily disgusted with foolishness, and made a strong demonstration stablewards, but a diligent use of heel and whip convinced him that his line of duty was on the track. The heat was won by Hornet, who also won the second heat in which he electrified the beholders by a burst of speed which might have headed a steer, if the steer were old, and sick, and cripplep. This ended the show.

Before closing our report, we desire to say in simple justice to Mr. Plimley, who managed the races, that it was no fault of his that the disappointment as to the Blue Wing-Henry Clay match came about. Nor was it the fault of the owners of Clay. It was just one of those unavoidable accidents which will occur in all stables, and people are very wrong to blame horse men for them. In the present instance, Henry Clay is worth probably a thousand dollars. Had he trotted the race to-day he would not now be worth a hundred. Is it not unreasonable to expect men to ruin so valuable a horse to gratify people whose limit of interest in the matter is fifty cents? In this case too even the fifty cents of interest is wanting, for, by request of Mr. Plimley, it was announced from the stand that those who were disappointed by the accident were at liberty to reclaim their money. Those who stayed after this announcement did so with their eyes open; they knew what they were doing and had no right to complain.

One noticeable feature of the races was one which we hope to see adopted at every race in the future. No one was in the judges' stand but judges. This is the only way in which a race can be properly judged. We commend it to the racing committee at the next fair.

THAT COMMITTEE.—The Republican State Committee met yesterday for organization. Reporters were strictly excluded but we managed to glean certain facts and certain rumors of their doings, and if half these rumors are true they had a real monkey and parrot time of it. Thomas N. Cooper was elected Chairman of the Committee. This is fact. Rumors are rife that several of the boys thought they would make bully Chairmen. Dr. Mott it is said wanted it bad. He said like Bully Bottom, "I will so roar you 'twill do the lady's heart good to hear me. I'll roar you as gently as a sucking dove. I pray you let me play lion, too. I'll roar you an 'twere any nightingale;" and what is more to the purpose, "I'll put up $2,000 to help run a paper on." But the hearts of the others were obdurate and they yearned for the flesh pots and mash tubs of Thomas. Another rumor has it that there was a delicate suggestion to Judge Moore that his resignation in favor of Col. L. W. Humphrey, would be very grateful; the intention was, in ease of the Judge's taking the hint, to make the Colonel chairman. But the Judge didn't see the matter by those lamps. He has plenty of brains and he comes from a breed that don't back down. He told his colleagues politely but firmly that he'd see them —— something unpleasanted before he'd submit to any such programme, and as the judge is too important a son of Thetis to be allowed to sulk within his tents, that little scheme was a failure.

J. C. L. Harris was elected Secretary. This is a fact. There were no rumors on this subject. Somehow there seemed to be a lack of interest in the matter.

Judge Buxton was in consultation with the committee and decided to resign and canvass, and this reminds us of the only piece of latin that Capt. Dugger's and Mr. Horner's joint efforts managed to thrash into us; it reads thus: "Quem Deus vult perdere, prius dementat," which Sut Lovingood translated when some fellow threw a bottle at him, "Any man who would waste a quart of even mean whisky on the chance of whipping a fight with the bottle, don't know enough to find his mouth without a leading string." All this is fact.

We have endeavored in making this report to distinguish the facts from the rumors. We think we have done so and have gotten both accurate, but in case we have made any mistakes we desire to suggest to the committee that it would be a good plan to let reporters in hereafter and let the things be told just as they happen.

SUPREME COURT.—Court opened at 10 o'clock yesterday morning. Present, Chief Justice Smith and Justices Ashe and Dillard.

The Court resumed the consideration of appeals from the Sixth Judicial District and disposed of causes as follows:

Gamble & Watterson, administrators, vs. M. A. Watterson et als., from Cleveland; continued for absence of counsel.

First National Bank of Charlotte vs. Lineberger, Rhyne & Co., from Mecklenburg; argued by Bynum & Grier for the plaintiff, and Jones & Johnston and A. Burwell (by brief) for the defendants.

North Carolina Railroad Company et als., vs. Carolina Central Railway Company et als., from Mecklenburg; argued by Graham & Ruffin, Jones & Johnston and W. W. Flemming for the plaintiffs, and Bynum & Grier and Clem. Dowd for the defendants.

Carolina Central Railway Company et als., vs. North Carolina Railroad Company et als., from Mecklenburg; argued by Bynum & Grier and Clem. Dowd for the plaintiffs, and Graham & Ruffin, Jones & Johnston and W. W. Flemming for the defendants.

Pending the argument in the last named case, the court adjourned until 10 o'clock this (Friday) morning, when the consideration of appeals from the Sixth Judicial District will be resumed.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

The following is a complete list of appeals in the Supreme Court, from the Seventh Judicial District so far as docketed yesterday. Other appeals will be docketed and heard during the present term, if filed by 10 o'clock a. m. Monday next the 26th inst., at which hour the call of appeals from the Seventh District will commence:—

331. McCanless vs. Reynolds.
332. Stith et als vs. Fries et als.
333. Carter vs. Duncan.
334. Thomas vs. Lines et als.
335. Jones vs. Bunker.
336. State vs. W. H. Ham.
337. State vs. Frank Hughes.
338. Briggs vs. Smith.
339. Pierce, Hanes & Brown vs. Alspaugh.
340. Williams et als vs. Williams et als.
341. Welfare vs. Thompson et als.
342. Todd vs. Dula et als.
343. Todd vs. Dula et als.
344. McCraw vs. Gilmer.
345. Wasson vs. Linster et als.
346. State vs. M. F. Dancy.

In Memoriam.

On Saturday, the 17th of July, 1880, in Raleigh, John W. Rogers, of White Oak Township, died. He was born on the 31st day of March, 1803, and was in the 78th year of his age at the time of his death.

It is seldom that any community is called to mourn the loss of so just and upright a man. Although not a member of any Christian Church it is well known that he was an interested believer in Jesus of Nazareth, and a Christian in heart and act. No one in trouble ever appealed to John W. Rogers without receiving sympathy and consolation. He was a friend to the poor, the widow and the fatherless. He lived without fear and without reproach. He died respected and honored by all. His call was sudden but he exhibited no fear. Once or twice his eyes seemed to be turned mournfully towards the home where his aged wife was awaiting his coming, unconscious that the life so dear to her was passing swiftly away. As quietly and peacefully as a child going to sleep this good old man passed from life.

His death bed was cheered by the presence of sorrowing relations and sympathizing friends. It will be long indeed before we look upon his like again. In the year 1841 he married Maulsey Ann Hunter, daughter of the late Alsey Hunter, who survives him. He had but one child, J. B. S. Rogers, a gallant young man who entered the Confederate army early in the war, and died in the service of his country. Mr. Rogers was buried at his home on Sunday the 18th. An immense concourse of the people amongst whom he had passed his life testified their affection for him and the sympathy they felt for his aged partner. F.

What North Carolinians are Doing.

GLEANINGS FROM STATE EXCHANGES.

Chatham's population is stated in the *Record* as 23,480. In 1870 it was 19,723; increase 20 per cent.

The Goldsboro *Messenger* learns of the death on the 16th inst., of Mr. Theophilus Grimsley, aged 72, one of the most esteemed citizens of Greene county.

What's the matter up West? The Charlotte *Observer* says: "A bright feature of THE RALEIGH NEWS is its tart and crispy Morehead correspondence. It might be a perilous undertaking, but "M. B. C." would gratify much suffering humanity by visiting the Western section of the State."

Very encouraging accounts reach the Wilmington *Star* from Wayne, Sampson, and parts of Bladen and Duplin counties in regard to the corn and cotton crops. They were never finer at this particular season of the year, and if the weather continues as favorable as it has been so far the yield will be large. The farmers are in excellent spirits over the prospect.

STATE POLITICAL ITEMS:—

Cumberland holds its Democratic Convention in Fayetteville on August 26. Mr. Shackelford will be there and speak.

Pittsboro organized its Hancock and Jarvis Club on the 20th inst. John G. Rencher, Esq., is President; Luther Clegg, James R. Farrell, and W. L. London, Vice-Presidents; H. M. Cowan, Secretary; and J. A. Womack, Treasurer.

The Fight for Indiana.

[Special to the Baltimore Sun, 22d.]

WASHINGTON, July 21.—Information was received here to-day from Senator Logan that the Western branch of the Republican national committee propose to make the necessary arrangements for beginning an early campaign in the West. The committee intend giving immediate attention to the State of Indiana, and to concentrate their efforts there for the next two months. The ablest Republican speakers in the land will be called upon to take part in the campaign in that State, and no efforts will be spared to make the canvass one to be long remembered. Senators Blaine, Conkling, Logan, Edmunds, E. B. Washburne, are expected to participate and arouse up the Republicans. A strong appeal has been sent here urging Secretary Sherman to take part also, and his personal friends say that he will undoubtedly do so, as he has already signified privately his intention of going into the canvass and delivering a number of speeches at such points as the national committee might designate. The Republican leaders here feel the necessity of carrying Indiana at the October election, and they think it can be done if a strong canvass is made, and all the voters are brought out. On the other hand, the Democratic politicians here say that the State cannot be carried by the Republicans, and that they are wasting their time and money in attempting to do so. It is evident from the talk of the leaders of both parties that Indiana is going to be the battle-ground in October, and that the best speakers on both sides will be sent there to enlighten the hoosier minds.

A Very "Sorry Lot."

[Special to the Baltimore Sun 22d.]

WASHINGTON, July 21.—There has been considerable inquiry as to whether the President has been called upon to pay the republican congressional campaign committee two per cent. of his salary, the same as other government officials. It can be said on trustworthy authority that up to this time the President has not handed in the $1,000, being two per cent. of his salary, and there are republicans who are unkind enough to say that they don't belive he will give the committee a cent, although looking with disfavor upon the poor clerks who refuse to do so. It is asserted in republican quarters that the President has never yet made a contribution to the republican cause, although two years ago he told a committee which called upon him that he intended to send $500 to Ohio to be used in Major Finley's district. If the money was sent the congressional committee were never informed of the fact.

Drifting into War.

[From the New York Herald, 21st.]

Our reports from Eastern Europe indicate an activity in warlike preparation not reassuring to those who hope for peace in that part of the world. Officers of the German staff have obtained leave to enter the service of the Sultan for the purpose of "reorganizing his army," and Turkish troops are under orders to proceed to the disputed region in force decidedly beyond what is necessary for ordinary occasions in that country. None of the Sultan's great neighbors can be depended upon to prevent this attitude of preparation from going to its natural end in the precipitation of hostilities. Russia and Austria simply neutralize one another; Germany stands aside for fear of France, and France does the same with Germany in her eye, and England is unwilling to do alone what she regards as the duty of all Europe. But though the jealousies of the Powers enable the Turk to defy for a while the decision reached at Berlin, war, if he should force it, cannot last many days without intervention.

Why Yankees Murder Folk.

[New York Herald, 21st.]

Several different cases of murder, some of them involving two victims each, were reported in yesterday's *Herald*. Some of them appear to have been the work of sudden frenzy induced by rum, but about others there was something that has the appearance of deliberateness. One man, who killed his brother, deferred the final deed until several hours after receiving any provocation; another, after quarrelling with his wife and mother-in-law, went out and harnessed his horses before killing the two women. Evidently the weather, which for weeks has been damaging the best of tempers, has been industriously at work on the worst ones also; the people who have the habit of brooding over real or fancied wrongs have found themselves unequal to the strain, and have "gone to pieces" mentally and morally, just as some athletes have done physically under the influence of the weather. These troubles are warnings to people who, although they have tempers of their own, do not belong to the dangerous classes. Bad temper and the habit of making the most of trifling disagreements are always likely to cause trouble, and they are harder to manage in hot weather than yellow fever or the small-pox. The only sure way of preventing trouble is to keep the mind as cool as the body.

GENERAL NEWS ITEMS:—

Gen. Terry reports that the rumors of the defeat of Capt. Ilsley's command by Indians in the neighborhood of the Black Hills are groundless. That officer has scouted the whole northern country within 150 miles of Deadwood, and thus far has not found an Indian sign.

A farmer at Akron, Mo., was attacked by his savage bull in a high-fenced yard, and could not escape. A hired man came with a gun to shoot the beast. "Don't kill him," cried the farmer, thinking of the loss; "just hit him in the shoulder." The man fired as directed, only inflicting a wound that maddened the bull, and incited him to gore the farmer to death.

A. M. Norcross, of Norwich, Conn., is in a dilemma. He can hardly accept Garfield, and to vote against his party is repulsive to him. He finally decides the matter by setting two hens with twelve eggs each. One he has dedicated to Hancock and the other to Garfield, and the hen hatching the greatest number of chickens will decide his vote.

Memphis is the only city in the United States which shows a positive decrease of population during the decade. In 1870 its population was 40,226; now it is 33,200. The contraction of the city limits and the ravages of yellow fever account for this result. Charleston has remained almost stationary, the rate of increase being only 4 per cent. Savannah has done a little better, the rate of increase being 8 per cent.

Advices from Mexico to the 16th inst announce that Gen. Gonzales has been elected President by a large majority. An attempt was made to shoot Gen. Gonzales in Guanajueto on the 15th instant, while he was in a balcony receiving an ovation. Some person in the crowd fired a shot, but it missed the mark. Two persons in the crowd were wounded. It is reported that Gen. Negrete, a professional pronunciedo, is on the war path.

A letter has recently been delivered in France after being detained in the post-office for half a century. A singular discovery was made three weeks ago in the course of operations now going on in the general postoffice at Paris. In a panel near one of the boxes was found a letter which had been posted exactly fifty years ago, and which by some mischance had got stuck in the panel instead of finding its way into the box. The letter was duly forwarded to the person to whom it was addressed, who, still more strangely, was alive and received it safely. The writer, however, had been dead many years.

The Actor and the Fish-Dealer.

[From the New York Ledger.]

* * * During the engagement of which we speak, Charley Webb became quite intimate with a great-hearted young fish-dealer doing business in Washington Market. Charley had gone out in Shapleigh's boat several times on fishing and ducking excursions, and in other ways their friendship had become cemented. Our friend Shapleigh—the fish-dealer aforesaid—was considerable of a genius in more ways than one. In his younger days he had belonged to a juvenile dramatic company, and now, in his manhood, since making Webb's acquaintance, he had been behind the curtain during rehearsal, and had really fancied that he would "dearly love to appear just once." Webb became satisfied that Shapleigh could act, and was willing to please him, and it so happened that an opportunity presented itself which had not been anticipated. The night of Charley's benefit had been fixed, on which occasion he was to enact the character of Hamlet. The actor who had been set apart for the character of Polonius was unexpectedly called away, in which emergency Webb sought his friend at Washington Market, and asked him if he would help him. Enough to say—Shapleigh was glad to do it.

The eventful night came, and a front box had been reserved to Shapleigh's wife and little daughter, and other relatives and friends. The house was filled—packed—from pit-railing to gallery bulkhead, with every bit of standing-room occupied. The play commenced, and all went well, the beneficiary receiving round after round of cheering applause on his entrance; and the same with the kind friend who had "so magnanimously volunteered his valuable services." The first act went off smoothly. In the second act, scene 2, Polonius is on the stage, with King and Queen, when to them enters Hamlet, reading from a book. King and Queen are unceremoniously hustled out of the way. Then Polonius to Hamlet:

* * * How does my good Lord Hamlet?
Hamlet—Well, God-'a-mercy.
Polonius—Do you know me, my Lord?
Hamlet—Excellent well. You are a fishmonger.

Upon this the indignation of the wife overcame every other sense, and forgetting all else but the direct insult offered to her husband, she exclaimed, loud enough to be heard in every part of the house: "Well, it aint very pretty of you, Mr. Webb, after Tom has been so good to you to go showing him up in public in that fashion! I'd have you to know that a fish-monger, as you call 'em is as good as an actor, any day!" It had all been uttered at a breath, and had increased in feeling and vigor as she went on. For a moment after she had ceased a wondering silence fell upon the house. That moment was caught by Shapleigh, whose wits had not forsaken him, and looking up toward his wife's box, he said, with an assuring nod: "It's all right, Bessie. It's so in the book!" And then, the secret out, the house came down. It can be imagined.

The Yankee Girl in Paris.

[French Criticism.]

"Stylish to the backbone. Independent as independent can be, but very pure. Is devoted to pleasure, dress, spending money; shows her moral nature nude, just as it is, so as to deceive nobody. Flirts all winter with this or that one and dismisses him in the spring, when she instantly catches another. Goes out alone. Travels alone. When the fancy strikes her she travels with a gentleman friend or walks anywhere with him; puts boundless confidence in him; conjugal intimacy seems to exist between them. She lets him tell what he feels, talk of love from morning till night, but she never gives him permission to kiss so much as her hand. He may say anything; he shall do nothing. She is restless, she gives heart and soul to amusement before she marries. After marriage she is a mother annually, is alone all day, hears all night nothing except discussions about patent machinery, unexplosive petroleum, chemical manures. She then will let her daughters enjoy the liberty she used without grave abuse. As nothing serious happened to her, why should Fanny, Mary, Jenny, be less strong and less adroit than their mother? She originates French fashions. Parisian women detest her. Provincial women despise her. Men of all countries adore her, but will not marry her unless she has an immense fortune. Her hair is vermilion, paler than golden hair; her black eyes are bold and frank; she has a patent shape which 'tis forbidden to counterfeit, spreads herself in a carriage as if she were in a hammock, the natural and thoughtless posture of her passion for luxurious ease. When she walks she moves briskly and throws every glance right and left. Gives many of her thoughts to herself and few of them to anybody else. She is a wild plant put in a hothouse; feels cramped in Europe, and pushes her branches through the panes without the least heed of the frail plants that vegetate on all sides of her. Were she better understood, were she criticised less, she would be esteemed at her true value."

New York Legislative Amusements.

HOW A BOASTFUL EXPERT AT POKER LOST HIS NERVE.

[Albany Times.]

The most accomplished-looking colored gentleman in the hotel porter line in this State is Joe, who officiates in that capacity in the Delavan House. Unfortunately, Joe has an idea that he is an expert at poker. He is very often anxious that some of the distinguished poker experts who stop at the Delavan should try him on these points, but, though Joe makes about $100 a week at the Delavan, he doesn't usually have money to engage in any of the games of these experts because he "bucks" the faro banks too often.

Recently a good chance was given Joe to show his skill. Senator Woodin was playing a simple game against Senator McCarthy, and both of them are acknowledged experts in the game, when Joe happened in the room. Senator McCarthy at once said: "Here's my man! Joe will you take my hand for a few moments? There are several people down stairs who want to see me."

Joe jumped at the chance. "Why, of course, sah," he said, "if Mr. Woodin is agreeable."

Mr. Woodin was agreeable, and Mr. McCarthy left, first giving instructions to Joe to play his best and bet up to any amount, depositing $10,000 in crisp notes on the table in front of him.

"Now," said he, "I am responsible for anything you may do. Bet according to your own views, and I'll back you."

With that he went out.

Joe dealt and received a couple of queens. Mr. Woodin immediately bet $1,000. Joe's short hair stood on end. He thought that was a pretty savage sort of betting. He'd like to wait till Mr. McCarthy would come back. Mr. Woodin said he could not sit two or three hours over a small bet like that, and Joe must either see him or pass. Joe lost heart and laid down his hand, showing two queens. Mr. Woodin inadvertently laid down his hand as he pulled in the wager, and showed a lonesome pair of deuces.

"For the land's sake, Mr. Woodin," said Joe, in terror, "you didn't never bet all that money on them two little ones?"

"There's the hand. If you can find anything else in it, may be I didn't."

Joe sighed.

"Well," said he, "if you do that often with me, you'll be a poor man 'fore Mr. McCarthy gets back."

Mr. Woodin dealt and Joe received a pair of aces. He bet $2.50. Mr. Woodin promptly raised him $1,000. Joe heaved a dreadful sigh.

"Ain't there no limit to this game?" he asked helplessly.

"No, we never play with a limit," remarked Mr. Woodin, sharply.

Joe looked at him a long time.

"You tried that on me a little while ago," said he, "and I believe you're bluffing. I see you, and I want three cards."

He put up his money and drew his cards. Mr. Woodin saw his countenance fall. Mr. Woodin drew one card. Joe's anguish showed itself in the heavy beads on his corrugated brow.

"Lands alive!" he muttered.

"Well it's your bet," said Mr. Woodin, calmly.

Joe had only his two aces.

"I reckon I'll pass," he said.

"Well, what sort of a business do you call such a slow performance as this?" said Mr. Woodin, impatiently. "I bet $3,000 more."

Joe glared like a fallen angel, and his hands trembled until the cards rattled.

"Mr. Woodin," he said piteously, "jes do me a favor. I don't want to play any other man's money, and I'll never do it again. Jest draw all dese bets and let me quit. Mr. McCarthy can do his own betting; I won't at dem figures."

Mr. Woodin said "certainly," divided up the pot again, and then laid down his own hand. He had just exactly that same pair of deuces! Joe rushed from the room.

A Long Branch correspondent of the Cincinnati *Enquirer*, describing the scene at a juvenile hotel ball, says: I saw a young lady watching one of the little misses whose plump legs were covered with light blue silk stockings, with elaborate embroidery at the insteps and a delicate vine trailing over the ankles, and there was unmistakable envy in the expression of her face as she said: "Heigho, I wish I was a little girl again.' The truth was, you see, that she had on as fine stockings as the youngster, but could not show them."

City Business Items.

To Particular People, who know what good Tea is and want it, I offer a superlative stock of Green and Black Teas of every description. Prices as low as respectable Teas can be sold, running from 50c. to $1.00 per lb., with some Extra Fancy Gunpowder at $1.25.

E. J. HARDIN.

It can't be found—A better Cracker than the Lunch Milk Biscuit, 15c. per lb. and always fresh.

E. J. HARDIN.

Grenadines! Grenadines!

Also, Colored and Fancy, and Black Thin Dress Goods! To sell! To sell! Will sell them for less than we gave for them!

Nice Goods! Handsome Goods!

YEARGAN, PETTY & Co.

W. H. & R. S. Tucker open to-day a choice assortment of Linen Lawns, pure goods in perfect condition, and offered at the lowest possible price.

Still Another!—Friday morning we will receive another case of those popular Union Linen Lawns at 6½c. per yard. This case will be the best of the season.

W. H. & R. S. Tucker handle a superb stock of Mens' Underwear. The best Dress Shirt in the State; laundried $1.00 and $1.25. Drawers, Gauze Shirts, Lisle Thread Shirts. Half-Hose in standard and fancy makes. Linen Collars, Cuffs, &c. The special attention of gentlemen who are to travel this summer, is called to these goods.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

Jones & Powell have just received two more car loads of Wheat Bran, which they offer by the ton very low. They have a large stock of white and mixed Corn, Hay, Chops and Flour.

For Family Groceries, go to H. Grannan's, where you will find every delicacy of the season, kept in a first-class store. He is agent of the celebrated Thomasberg Wines. Keeps the best Liquors, Tobacco and Cigars. jy13-2w.

War Ag'nst High Prices!—White Vest, 75c.; worth $1.00. White and Brown Vests, $1.25; worth $1.50. White Duck Vests and Pants, $1.50 each; worth $2.00 and $3.00. Silk Scarfs, 50c.; worth 75c. Silk Handkerchiefs, 25c., 40c., 50c. and 65c.; worth 40c., 60c., 75c., and 90c. At

R. B. ANDREWS & Co.,
Clothiers and Hatters.

Family Groceries, a large and varied stock. New goods arriving daily. Strictly first-class. Fine wines, liquors and cigars. Bailey's North Carolina Corn and Rye Whiskies; the celebrated Pop-corn Whisky, eight years old. Peyton Graveley's Chewing Tobacco.

ANDREWS & FERRALL.

They are Here!—Another lot of those new patent Over-Draw Checks for Bridles, with metalic holders. We also have a nice assortment of lap dusters, scrims, hoods, nets, ear tips, and always on hand a large stock of wagon, buggy and riding whips. A good variety of harness, saddles, bridles, halters, &c., of our own manufacture. We believe in patronizing home industries, and hope our friends will encourage us by giving us orders.

E. F. WYATT & SONS,
Martin Street.

Received to-day, and for sale cheap. 100 dozen Fans, 100 dozen Shirts, 3 cases Prints, 12 cases Boots and Shoes, 7 bales Domestics, 700 dozen Coates' Spool Cotton, at Woollcott's Wholesale and Retail Stores, Hargett and Wilmington streets.

To the Members of the Convention:—While in Raleigh it will be to your interest to stop in the Hardware, Stove and House-furnishing Store of J. C. Brewster, where you will find all the novelties of the season. The celebrated XX Cot, the most comfortable bed for hot weather. Price only $2.50. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. Fly Fans, Fly Traps, Water Coolers, Refrigerators, &c. Sole agent for the improved Parker Shot Gun and the celebrated Remington Rifle. A fine line sportsman's goods always on hand. Tin roofing and job work all kinds a specialty.

J. C. BREWSTER,
Holleman Building,
Raleigh, N. C.

Special Notices.

NEURALGINE—This is an Internal Remedy that never fails to cure Neuralgia and Headache. It contains no Quinine, Opium, Morphine, Chloral or Narcotic of any kind. Quick and perfectly safe in its action, it commends itself to the afflicted. Sold by Pescud, Lee & Co. and Wm. Simpson. eod.

NEURALGINE—This Specific for Neuralgia and Headache is not offered to the public as a KING CURE ALL, but is only good for Neuralgia and Headache. For these troubles it is unfailing. EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED if taken according to directions. Sold by Pescud, Lee & Co. and Wm. Simpson. eod.

Opinion of Eminent Dr. W. G. Cavenagh, Memphis, Tenn.: For weak digestion, general debility and want of appetite, I cheerfully recommend Colden's Liebig's Liquid Extract of Beef and Tonic Invigorator. Sold by Williams & Haywood.

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SAW MILL

FOR SALE.

One of Hege's No. 2 Saw Mills, with Improved Universal Log Beam and Set Works, for sale. Length of Carriage 25 feet, for 48-inch Saw. Factory price, $350. Will be sold at a bargain. Entirely new.

WILLIAMSON & UPCHURCH,
jy23-tf. Raleigh, N. C.

Reduced Passenger Rates

VIA

THE PIEDMONT AIR LINE.

On and after this date Round Trip Tickets will be sold from Raleigh to Richmond and return for $10, good for thirty days. Raleigh to Washington and return $14.50, good until November 1st, 1880. Passengers leaving Raleigh at 3.35 p. m., via Greensboro and the Virginia Midland Railroad, will be in Washington next morning to breakfast, and in New York at 3.45 p. m. Shortest, quickest, best and cheapest route to all points North and East.

W. A. TURK, Pass. Agent,
Raleigh, N. C.
J. C. R. LITTLE, Ticket Agt., Raleigh, N. C.
jy23—tf

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Petersburg Railroad Company.

OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT,
PETERSBURG, VA.

Schedule of Trains, to take effect June 14

GOING SOUTH.
NEW YORK EXPRESS.

Leave Petersburg daily at	1:07 p m
Arrive at Weldon at	3:20 p m

FREIGHT TRAINS, WITH PASSENGER COACH ATTACHED.

Leave Petersburg daily (except Sunday) at	7:45 p m
Arrive at Weldon at	12:20 a m

GOING NORTH.
NEW YORK EXPRESS.

Leave Weldon daily at	1:10 p m
Arrive at Petersburg at	3:30 p m

FREIGHT WITH PASSENGER COACH ATTACHED.

Leave Weldon daily (except Monday) at	4:20 a m
Arrive at Petersburg at	9:00 a m

First-class coaches will run through between Wilmington and Washington, and sleeping cars on night and day trains. Sleeping car berths can be had for one dollar from Richmond to Baltimore. No change of cars.

Through tickets sold to all Eastern and Southern points and baggage checked through.

W. J. BROWN,
Dispatcher of Trains.

R. M. SULLY,
je25-tf. General Superintendent.

THE DAILY NEWS.

RALEIGH, N. C.

FRIDAY.....JULY 23, 1880

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

By Telegraph.

MARKET REPORT--NOON.

NEW YORK, July 22.—Money weak at 2a2½. Exchange—long, 4.82; short, 4.84. State bonds dull; Governments steady.

Cotton dull; sales 195 bales; uplands 11 11-16; Orleans 11 13-16. Futures barely steady; July 11.38; August 11.29; September 10.89; October 10.49; November 10.35; January 10.35.

Flour firm. Wheat moderately active. Corn dull. Pork quiet at $14. Lard steady at $7.17½. Spirits turpentine 28. Rosin $1.40. Freights strong.

BALTIMORE, July 22.—Flour steady and unchanged. Wheat—Southern lower and steady; Western lower and quiet; Southern red $1.02a1.07; amber $1.09a1.12; No. 1 Maryland $1.17; No. 2 Western winter red—spot and July delivery $1.08½a1.09; August $1.08¼a1.08¾; September $1.08¾a1.08¾; October $1.09a1.09½. Corn—Southern nominal in the absence of receipts; Western lower and quiet; Southern white 56½; yellow 55.

LIVERPOOL, July 22—Noon.—Cotton easier; uplands 6⅞; Orleans 7; receipts 9,250 bales—American 200; sales 8,000; speculation and export 1,000; uplands, low middling clause, July delivery 6⅞; July and August 6 11-16; August and September 6⅞; September and October 6 7-16; October and November 6 3-16; November and December 6⅛; January and February 6⅛; futures flat.

MARKET REPORT--MIDNIGHT.

NEW YORK, July 22.—Money 2a2½. Exchange 4.82. Government bonds quiet and firm; five per cents. 1.03½; four-and-a-half per cents. 1.11; four per cents 1.09. State bonds steady.

Cotton quiet and easy; sales 193 bales; uplands 11 11-16; Orleans 11 13-16; consolidated net receipts 2,897; exports to Great Britain 3,972; to France 1,150; net receipts 40 bales; gross 40. Futures steady; sales 114,000; July 11.43a11.45; August 11.35; September 10.97; October 10.59a10.60; November 10.44a10.46; December 10.45a10.46; January 10.55a10.57; February 10.66a10.68.

Southern flour unchanged; common to fair extra $5.25a6.20; good to choice ditto $6.25a7.00. Wheat ½a2c. better, with fair export and good speculation business; ungraded red 90a$1.08½. Corn ½c.a2c. lower and fairly active; ungraded 45a48½. Oats ½c.a1c. better and active; No. 3. 34½a35. Hops dull and unsettled. Coffee quiet and unchanged. Sugar firm; Cuba Muscovado 7 11-16; Port Spain 7½; English Island 7½; fair to good refining 7 11-16a7 13-16; prime 8; refined in good demand and steady; standard A 9¼a9¾. Molasses quiet and unchanged. Rice steady with a fair trade. Rosin quiet and steady at $1.40a1.47½. Spirits turpentine stronger at 28½. Wool steadily held, rather quiet; domestic fleece 40a50; pulled 22a50; unwashed 15a34; Texas 18a35. Pork 10a15c. better and more active at $14.12½; middles firmly held and very quiet; long clear 7½; short 7⅞; long and short 7½. Lard a shade better with moderate inquiry at $7.20a7.30, the latter fancy. Whisky inactive and nominal. Freights scarcely so firm.

LOUISVILLE, July 22.—Flour quiet; extra $3.25a3.75; choice to fancy $6.00a6.25. Wheat dull at 90. Corn strong at 42½a43. Oats firmer at 30a31. Pork strong at $13.50. Lard steady at 7½. Bulk meats active, firm and higher: shoulders $4.75; ribs $7.25; sides $7.65. Bacon strong; shoulders $5.30; ribs $7.90; sides $8.50; hams, sugar cured, 10¼a11¼. Whisky in fair demand and higher at $1.07.

CHICAGO, July 22.—Flour quiet and firm. Wheat strong and higher, except for cash, which is easier; No. 2 red winter 96; No. 2 Chicago spring 94¼ cash; 90 bid in August; 87⅞ in September; No. 3 ditto 81a84. Corn steady and in fair demand at 37 cash; 35¼a35¾ in August; 35¾ in September. Oats stronger, for cash higher; options steady at 26 cash; 26¼ in July; 22¾ in August and September. Pork active, firm and higher at $14.25. Lard fairly active and a shade higher at $6.82½. Bulk meats fairly active and a shade higher; shoulders $4.80; ribs $7.20; clear $7.35. Whisky steady and unchanged.

ST. LOUIS, July 22.—Flour firm and unchanged. Wheat opened lower and advanced; No. 2 red fall 92½; cash 88⅞; 89½ in August; 88¼a89 in September. Corn active at 36¼; 36½ cash; 34¼a35 in August; 34¾ in September. Oats higher at 24¼a26 cash, the latter old; 21⅜ in September. Whisky steady at $1.08. Pork firmer; jobbing $14. Lard higher at $6.75a6.80. Bulk meats stronger and slow; shoulders $4.60a4.65; ribs $7.00a7.10; sides $7.25a7.35. Bacon firmer; shoulders $5.25; ribs $8.00; sides $8.25.

CINCINNATI, July 22.—Flour dull; family $4.70a4.90. Wheat dull and lower; No. 2 amber 94. Corn in fair demand and firm at 40½. Oats quiet at 32. Pork firmer at $13.00. Lard strong at $6.80. Bulk meats strong and higher; shoulders 4¾; rib 7¼. Bacon firm; shoulders 5½; rib 7¾; sides 8¼. Whisky active, firm and higher at $1.07. Sugar steady; hards 10¼a11; New Orleans 8a9. Hogs steady; common $3.65a4.25; light $4 35a4.60packing $4.35a4.70; butchers $4.70 4.80.

WILMINGTON, N. C., July 22.—Spirits turpentine quiet at 26. Rosin steady at $1.02½ for strained and $1.07½ for good strained. Tar firm at $2.15. Crude turpentine steady at $1.75 for yellow dip and $2.50 for virgin. Corn unchanged.

BALTIMORE, July 22.—Oats steady and without transactions. Provisions firm, without quotable change. Coffee dull; Rio (cargoes) ordinary to prime 12¾a15½. Sugar firm; A soft 10¼. Whisky dull at $1.11½. Freights firm and unchanged.

JULY 22.—Cotton—Middling, low middling, good ordinary.—Galveston, nominal, 11, 10⅜, 9¼, net receipts 512 bales; Norfolk, quiet and steadier, 11¼, net receipts 423; Baltimore, dull, 11 11-16, 11 1-16, 9 13-16, net receipts none; Boston, quiet, 11¾, 11¼, 9¾, net receipts 306 bales; Wilmington, dull and nominal, 11, 10⅜, 9¼, net receipts 83 bales; Philadelphia, dull, 12, 11¾, 10½, net receipts 68 bales; Savannah, easy, 11¼, 10½, 9¼, net receipts 134 bales; New Orleans, quiet and easy, 11⅛, 10⅞, 9⅞, net receipts 886 bales; Mobile, dull, 11, 10⅜, 9⅜, net receipts 122 bales; Memphis, quiet 11, net receipts 93 bales; Augusta, quiet, 11, 10½, 8⅞, net receipts 19 bales; Charleston, quiet, 11½, 11⅜, 10⅜, net receipts 322 bales.

Raleigh Markets.

Official Report of the Cotton Market.

REPORTED BY

THE COTTON EXCHANGE.

RALEIGH, July 22, 1880

Middling	10¼
Strict Low Middling	10¼
Low Middling	10
Strict Good Ordinary	
Good Ordinary	
Middling Stains	9
Low Middling Stains	8
Good Ordinary Stains	

Tone of market weak.

City Market—Wholesale Prices.

REPORTED BY

LEN. H. ADAMS,

Official Reporters for Grocers' Exchange.

RALEIGH, July 22, 1880.

Apples, dried	$ none	
Bacon, N. C., hog round	9 a	10
" " hams	15 a	
Bulk Meats, clear rib sides,	8¼a	
" " shoulders,	7 a	
Butter, North Carolina,	20 a	30
Beeswax	20 a	30
Corn	67 a	70
Corn Meal	67 a	70
Coffee, prime Rio	18 a	
" good "	16 a	
Chickens, Spring	20 a	25
Eggs, per dozen	12½a	
Flour, North Carolina	5 75 a	6 00
Hay, timothy	1 30 a	
Molasses, Cuba	35 a	
Oats, shelled	50 a	
Peaches, peeled	8 a	
" unpeeled	4 a	
Peas, white, per bushel	1 00 a	
" stock, "	90 a	
Pork, North Carolina	6 a	8
Potatoes sweet	70 a	
" Irish	1 40 a	1 60
Rags, mixed	1¼a	
" cotton	2	
Sugar, white	11 a	12
" yellow	9 a	10
Syrup, S. H.	25 a	27
Salt, Liverpool fine	1 70 a	

Above are for large quantities. When small quantities are wanted higher prices will be charged.

Wilmington Market.

[From the Star, July 22.]

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market opened quiet at 26 cents per gallon for regular packages, with small sales of city distilled at quotations, closing dull.

ROSIN.—The market was quoted firm at $1.02½ for strained and $1.07½ for good strained. No sales reported.

TAR.—Market quoted firm at $2.00 per bbl. of 280 lbs., with sales of receipts at quotations.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—The market was steady at $1.75 for yellow dip and $2.50 per bbl. for virgin, with sales at quotations.

COTTON.—The market was dull and nominal. The following were the official quotations here:—

Ordinary	— cents per lb.
Good Ordinary	9¾ " "
Strict Good Ordinary	— " "
Low Middling	10¾ " "
Middling	11 " "
Good Middling	11¾ " "

PEANUTS.—The market is dull and nominal at 35@50 cents for shelling stock, 60 cents for ordinary, 70 cents for prime, 80 cents for extra prime, and 90 cents for fancy.

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	— bales.
Spirits turpentine	54 casks.
Rosin	181 bbls.
Tar	— "
Crude turpentine	57 "

Charlotte Cotton Market.

[From the Charlotte Observer, July 22.]

The market yesterday closed quiet; unchanged.

Good Middling	11
Middling	10¾
Strict Low Middling	10¾
Low Middling	10¾

BUSINESS CARDS.

GEORGE V. STRONG,

Attorney-at-Law,

RALEIGH, N. C.

The next session of his LAW SCHOOL will begin the first Monday in September and end the first Monday in January next.

The advantages of Raleigh, in its healthfulness, in its law libraries, in its opportunities for attending the Courts which are nearly always in session, and for meeting prominent members of the Bar and others from all parts of the State, surpass those of any other locality. Terms: FIFTY DOLLARS PER SESSION. Good board, including lights, fuel and lodging, can be had for $13 per month. For further particulars address,

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Fresh Cream Loaf Bread,
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Sweet Vienna Bread,
Pure Rye Bread,
Nice Graham Bread,
Snow-capped Wheat Bread.

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Vanilla Ice Cream, the best in Raleigh,
Lemon Ice,
Lemonade to order,
Soda Water and Cream Soda,
Iced Tea,

AND OTHER THINGS IN THE DINING HALL YOU MAY NEED.

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For Ladies and Gentlemen.

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North Carolina Railroad.

ON AND AFTER THIS DATE Tickets will be sold by this line to Washington and return *via* the Virginia Midland for fourteen dollars and fifty cents, ($14.50.) Give quick time and splendid accommodations. Tickets good until November 1st, 1880. Also tickets have been placed on sale to Richmond, Va., and return, good for thirty days, for $10.00.

JOHN R. McMURDO,
General Passenger Agent.

J. C. R. LITTLE, Richmond, Va.
Ticket Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

july 21 tf

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Medals and Badge-Pins a Specialty.

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Loss of Appetite, Nausea, bowels costive, Pain in the Head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder-blade, fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, Loss of memory, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Yellow Skin, Headache, Restlessness at night, highly colored Urine.

IF THESE WARNINGS ARE UNHEEDED, SERIOUS DISEASES WILL SOON BE DEVELOPED.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer.

A Noted Divine says:

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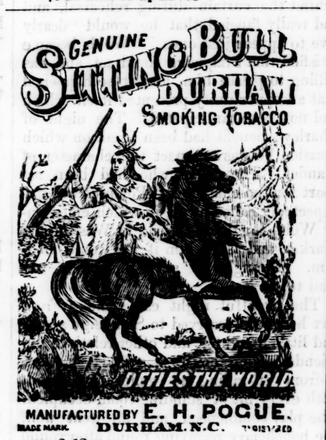

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